

Learning in EYFS: What Music Subject Leaders Need to Know

The EYFS framework is structured very differently to the national curriculum as it is organised across seven areas of learning rather than subject areas. The aim of this document is to help subject leaders to understand how the skills taught across EYFS feed into national curriculum subjects.

This document demonstrates which statements from the 2020 Development Matters are prerequisite skills for music within the national curriculum. The table below outlines the most relevant statements taken from the Early Learning Goals in the EYFS statutory framework and the Development Matters age ranges for Three and Four-Year-Olds and Reception to match the programme of study for music.

The most relevant statements for music are taken from the following areas of learning:

- Communication and Language
 - Physical Development
 - Expressive Arts and Design

Music			
Three and Four- Year-Olds	Communication and Language	• Sing a large repertoire of songs.	
	Physical Development	 Use large-muscle movements to wave flags and streamers, paint and make marks. 	
	Expressive Arts and Design	 Listen with increased attention to sounds. Respond to what they have heard, expressing their thoughts and feelings. Remember and sing entire songs. Sing the pitch of a tone sung by another person ('pitch match'). Sing the melodic shape (moving melody, such as up and down, down and up) of familiar songs. Create their own songs, or improvise a song around one they know. Play instruments with increasing control to express their feelings and ideas. 	
Reception	Communication and Language	 Listen carefully to rhymes and songs, paying attention to how they sound. Learn rhymes, poems and songs. 	
	Physical Development	Combine different movements with ease and fluency.	
	Expressive Arts and Design	 Explore, use and refine a variety of artistic effects to express their ideas and feelings. Return to and build on their previous learning, refining ideas and developing their ability to represent them. Create collaboratively, sharing ideas, resources and skills. Listen attentively, move to and talk about music, expressing their feelings and responses. Sing in a group or on their own, increasingly matching the pitch and following the melody. Explore and engage in music making and dance, performing solo or in groups. 	



ELGExpressive Arts and DesignBeing Imaginative and ExpressiveSing a range of well-known nursery rhymes and songs.• Sing a range of well-known nursery rhymes and songs.• Perform songs, rhymes, poems and stories with others, and (when appropriat try to move in time with music.	ate)
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Expressive Arts and Design			
Autumn	Spring	Summer	
Use a variety of media independently (pencils, crayons, paint, chalk, different construction toys). Adapt their construction to achieve a desired outcome, e.g. add an extra layer to a model to represent "upstairs" when their pretend-play requires it. Use colours for a purpose, e.g. using the correct eye/hair colour when drawing a self- portrait.	Produce more detailed representations (drawings, paintings, models) and discuss the features they have included. Return to and extend their creative learning, e.g. rebuilding a tower made the day before but making it more stable. Choose materials to achieve a goal, e.g. selecting a plastic yoghurt pot to turn into a boat due to its waterproof nature. Talk about what they like or could improve about what they have created. Explain how they created something to their peers including why they chose a particular technique/material and how it is fit for purpose, e.g. "I used sellotape because the glue was too runny to hold something heavy".	Safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function. Share their creations, explaining the process they have used. Make use of props and materials when role playing characters in narratives and stories. Deeper Make considered/purposeful decisions on how media and materials can be used, combined and matched to a purpose. Draw inspiration from the work of others as starting points or to improve their own work, e.g. recreating a painting of a famous artist. Show mastery and confidence in techniques, e.g. colour-mixing.	
Suggest a movement to match a piece of music, e.g. running during fast music or stamping to a slow drum beat. Keep a beat using a musical instrument or body percussion. Perform familiar sings/rhymes in small groups. Participate in collaborative, creative activities, sometimes initiated by an adult. E.g. giant artwork, building a pirate ship with blocks. Retell parts of familiar stories through use of puppets, toys, masks or small-world.	Discuss changes or patterns they hear when listening to music, e.g. "It starts slowly but gets faster and faster". Create their own beats with musical instruments/body percussion and become confident in games such as syllable- clapping. Begin exploring how we can change a song/rhyme (e,g, the words, tempo, volume) to create a desired effect. Create more complex narratives in their pretend play, building on the contributions of their peers. Organise themselves into collaborative creative opportunities (role play, performance, artwork).	Invent, adapt and recount narratives and stories with peers and their teacher. Sing a range of well-known nursery rhymes and songs. Perform songs, rhymes, poems and stories with others, and (when appropriate) try to move in time with music. Deeper Show a particular interest/mastery in an area or genre of music/performance. E.g. plays a musical instrument, reads simple music, performs ballet to match a piece of music. Perform with confidence and awareness of the audience, e.g. using expression. Talk about the ideas/processes that led them to produce their artwork/performance. Reflect on their work, reviewing it and recognising strengths and areas of improvement.	