

# **The Ribblesdale Federation of Schools**



## **Allergy Policy**

**Reviewed by: T Ward, December 2021**  
**Approved by governors: December 2021**  
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**Executive Headteacher: T Ward**  
**Chair of Governors: P Gibbons**

**The Ribblesdale Federation of Schools**  
**Allergy Policy (including nut and food allergies)**

**Introduction**

This policy is concerned with a whole school approach to the health care and management of those members of the school community suffering from specific allergies.

The Ribblesdale Federation is aware that staff and children who attend may suffer from food, bee/wasp sting, animal or nut allergies and believe that all allergies should be taken seriously and dealt with in a professional and appropriate way.

The Ribblesdale Federation cannot guarantee a completely allergen free environment, and works to minimise the risk of exposure, encourage self-responsibility and plan for effective response to possible emergencies. The Ribblesdale Federation is committed to children not sharing food and drink. Parents are asked to provide details of allergies on admission to our school.

**Aim**

The aim of this policy is to minimise the risk of any child or member of staff suffering an allergic reaction whilst at school.

An allergic reaction to nuts is the most common high-risk allergy and as such demands more rigorous controls throughout the policy.

**The underlying principles of this policy include**

- The establishment of effective risk management practices to minimise the child, staff, parent and visitor exposure to known trigger foods and insects.
- Staff training and education to ensure effective emergency response to any allergic reaction situation.
- This policy applies to all members of the school community including: staff, parents, guardians, volunteers, supply staff, students.

**Role of other parents**

- Snacks and lunches provided by parents should be peanut and nut free.
- The school will ensure that parents are regularly reminded of the importance of nut free lunchboxes and snacks.

## Definitions

<i>Allergy</i>	A condition in which the body has an exaggerated response to a substance (eg food or drug) also known as hypersensitivity.
<i>Allergen</i>	A normally harmless substance that triggers an allergic reaction in the immune system of a susceptible person.
<i>Anaphylaxis</i>	Anaphylaxis, or anaphylactic shock, is a sudden, severe and potentially life-threatening allergic reaction to food, stings, bites, or medicines.
<i>Epipen</i>	Brand name for syringe style device containing the drug Adrenalin, which is ready for immediate inter-muscular administration. Other brand names include Jext or Emerade.
<i>Minimised Risk Environment</i>	An environment where risk management practices (eg risk assessment forms) have minimised the risk of (allergen) exposure.
<i>Risk Assessment/ Health Care Plan</i>	A detailed document outlining an individual child's condition, treatment and action plan.

## **Allergy management**

### **Procedures and responsibilities**

- The involvement of parents and staff in establishing individual risk assessments/ Health Care Plans.
- The establishment and maintenance of practices for effectively communicating a child's healthcare plans to all relevant staff.
- Staff training in anaphylaxis management, including awareness of triggers, and first aid procedures to be followed in the event of an emergency.
- Age appropriate education of the children with severe food allergies.

### **Medical information**

- Parents will initially highlight on a child's school admission form before starting school.
- For children with a food allergy, parents will then be asked to fill out a risk assessment form. This will enable parents to explain the condition, define any allergy triggers and any required medication. If needed, additional written or oral advice will be obtained from a doctor or allergy nurse.
- Any change in a child's medical condition during the year must be reported to the school.
- The Executive Headteacher and class teacher will ensure that, where needed, a Health Care Plan is established and updated for children with allergies.

### **Epipens**

Where Epipens/Jext or Emerade (adrenalin auto-injector) are required in the Health Care Plan:

- Parents/guardians are responsible for the provision and timely replacement of the adrenalin auto injectors. Two adrenalin auto injectors will be required.
- Adrenalin auto injectors are located in the first aid room. These are out of reach of children but quickly accessible for staff.
- Training will be refreshed for all staff when we have a child that requires an adrenalin auto injectors.

### **Parents' role**

Parents are responsible for providing medical information about their child's allergy in writing, by filling out our initial risk assessment form for food allergies. The form includes:

- The allergen (the substance the child is allergic to).

- The nature of the allergic reaction (from rash, breathing problems to anaphylactic shock).
- What to do in case of allergic reaction, including any medication to be used and how it is to be used.
- Control measures – such as how the child can be prevented from getting into contact with the allergen.
- If a child has an allergy requiring an Epipen, or the risk assessment deems it necessary, a Health Care Plan must be completed and signed by the parents.
- It is the responsibility of the parent to provide the school with up to date medication/ equipment clearly labelled in the original container.
- In the case of life saving medication like Epipens the child will not be allowed to attend without it.
- Parents are also required to provide up to date emergency contact information.
- Snacks and lunches brought into school are provided by each child's parent. It is their responsibility to ensure that the contents are safe for the child to consume.
- Parents should liaise with staff about appropriateness of snacks and any food-related activities (eg cooking, science experiments).

### **Staff roles**

Staff are responsible for familiarising themselves with the policy and to adhere to health & safety regulations regarding food and drink.

- If a child's admission form states that they have an allergy then the parents must fill out the risk assessment form before the child starts attending school. Any actions identified to be put in place. If a child has an allergy requiring an Epipen, or the risk assessment deems it necessary, a Health Care Plan must be completed and signed by staff and parents.
- Upon determining that a child attending school has a severe allergy, a team meeting will be set up as soon as possible where all staff concerned attend to update knowledge and awareness of child's needs.
- All staff who come into contact with the child will be made aware of what treatment/medication is required and where any medication is stored.
- All staff will promote hand washing before and after eating.
- Snack time food is monitored by staff and are peanut, nut free and other allergens depending on the children attending. All staff will know the procedures at snack and lunch time to ensure the safety of children with allergies. However, staff cannot guarantee that foods will not contain traces of nuts.
- All tables are cleaned with an approved solution.
- Children are not permitted to share food.
- As part of the staff first aid course, Epipen use and storage has been discussed.
- We may ask the parent for a list of food products and food derivatives the child must not come into contact with.

- Emergency medication will be easily accessible, especially at times of high risk.
- Staff should liaise with parents about snacks and any food-related activities; parental consent should be sought.

### **Actions**

In the event of a child suffering an allergic reaction:

- We will delegate someone to contact the child's parents.
- If a child becomes distressed or symptoms become more serious telephone 999.
- Keep calm, make the child feel comfortable and give the child space.
- If medication is available it will be administered as per training and in conjunction with the Medication Policy.
- If parents or responsible adult have not arrived by the time ambulance arrives a member of staff will accompany the child to hospital.

### **Dissemination of the policy**

The full policy is available to parents and carers and pupils on request and is also available via the school website.